





Índice de intervenções por tema

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.1 ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

- PO 71 MODERATE AORTIC STENOSIS: NOT AS BENIGN AS IT SEEMS
- PO 72 JOINING EFFORTS FOR THE NON-INVASIVE EVALUATION IN PULMONARY HYPERTENSION: TAPSE/SPAP RATIO
- PO 73 AUTOMATIC MULTI-VIEW POSE ESTIMATION IN FOCUSED CARDIAC ULTRASOUND
- PO 74 DIFFERENCES BETWEEN AL AND TRANSTHYRETIN CARDIAC AMYLOIDOSIS: A COMPARISON OF THE ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC MORPHOLOGICAL VARIABLES
- PO 75 IS MYOCARDIAL FIBROSIS APPROPRIATELY ASSESSED BY 2D STRAIN DERIVED INTEGRATED BACKSCATTER?
- PO 131 FULLY AUTOMATED 3D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC ALGORITHMS: ACCURATE AND TIME SAVING THE ANSWER FOR 3D IN ROUTINE CLINICAL PRACTICE?
- PO 132 AUTOMATIC QUALITY ASSESSMENT OF FOCUSED CARDIAC ULTRASOUND EXAMS
- PO 134 MYOCARDIAL WORK BY SPECKLE-TRACKING ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY IN PACEMAKER PATIENTS ACCORDING TO PACING SITE: A PROSPECTIVE STUDY
- CO 66 SPECKLE-TRACKING ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY FOR PREDICTION OF ADVERSE HEMODYNAMIC PARAMETERS IN HEART TRANSPLANT PATIENTS
- CO 131 LEFT ATRIAL AND LEFT VENTRICULAR STRAIN IMAGING EVALUATION OF HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION PATIENTS UNDER SACUBITRIL/VALSARTAN: ATRIAL FIBRILLATION SUBSTUDY
- CO 132 LEFT ATRIAL STRAIN AND INTEGRATED BACKSCATTER: PREDICTORS OF RECURRENCE AFTER PAROXYSMAL, PERSISTENT, AND LONG-STANDING PERSISTENT ATRIAL FIBRILLATION CATHETER ABLATION
- CO 133 SERIAL GLOBAL AND LONGITUDINAL RV FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT IN SYMPTOMATIC, SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS UNDERGOING AVR
- CO 134 WHAT HAPPENS TO MYOCARDIAL WORK AFTER TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT?
- CO 135 PROFILING RVOT SYSTOLIC FLOW MORPHOLOGY IN PRECAPILLARY PULMONARY HYPERTENSION
- CO 146 LEFT VENTRICULAR TWIST IN PATIENTS WITH SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS: MEANING AND EVOLUTION AFTER SURGERY

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.2 COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY

- PO 236 ASSOCIATION BETWEEN LEFT VENTRICULAR WALL-THICKNESS BY CT AND ENDOCARDIAL VOLTAGE POTENTIALS IN PATIENTS WITH ISCHEMIC CARDIOMYOPATHY
- PO 237 THE ROLE OF LIPIDS IN THE CALCIFICATION OF DIFFERENT CARDIAC STRUCTURES: A CARDIAC CT STUDY
- PO 239 INCIDENCE OF CORONARY ANOMALIES IN PATIENTS WITH D-TRANSPOSITION OF GREAT ARTERIES (D-TGA) AFTER ARTERIAL SWITCH OPERATION (ASO)
- PO 240 SCREENING OF THORACIC AORTIC CALCIFICATION BY COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY FOR PREDICTING CLINICAL OUTCOMES IN PATIENTS UNDERGOING CARDIAC SURGERY
- CO 56 ASSOCIATION BETWEEN EPICARDIAL ADIPOSE TISSUE VOLUME AND RECURRENCE OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION AFTER CATHETER ABLATION

0870-2551/© 2023 Sociedade Portuguesa de Cardiologia. Publicado por Elsevier España, S.L.U. Todos os direitos reservados.

- CO 116 COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY-DERIVED MYOCARDIAL EXTRACELLULAR VOLUME IN PATIENTS WITH SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS: CORRELATION WITH MARKERS OF VENTRICULAR DYSFUNCTION
- CO 117 A NOVEL MARKER OF CARDIOVASCULAR RISK STRATIFICATION: THE ROLE OF TOTAL CARDIOVASCULAR CALCIUM SCORE USING CARDIAC CT
- CO 118 CHOOSING BETWEEN CORONARY CT ANGIOGRAPHY AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS IN PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE - MIND THE (GENDER) GAP
- CO 119 ANGIOCT IN PULMONARY HYPERTENSION SHOULD WE RENDER MULTIPLE VIEWS?
- CO 120 REPRODUCIBILITY OF EPICARDIAL ADIPOSE TISSUE RADIOMICS IN NON-CONTRAST COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY
- CO 142 INFLUENCE OF AGE ON THE DIAGNOSTIC VALUE OF CORONARY ARTERY CALCIUM SCORE FOR RULING OUT CORONARY STENOSIS IN SYMPTOMATIC PATIENTS
- CO 145 CORONARY ARTERY CALCIUM IDENTIFIED ON NON-GATED CHEST CT SCANS A WASTED OPPORTUNITY TO AVOID THE TRAGEDY
- CO 148 CORONARY ARTERY CALCIUM SCORE AS A GATEKEEPER FOR FURTHER TESTING IN PATIENTS WITH LOW PROBABILITY OF OBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE: A COST-EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSIS

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.3 CARDIAC MAGNETIC RESONANCE

- PO 172 MYOCARDIAL DEFORMATION IN ATHLETES MEASURED WITH FEATURE TRACKING CARDIOVASCULAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE
- PO 173 CARDIOVASCULAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE PREDICTORS FOR PULMONARY VALVE REPLACEMENT IN TETRALOGY OF FALLOT PATIENTS
- PO 175 MYOCARDIAL DEFORMATION AND MORPHOLOGICAL ADAPTATION TO EXERCISE IN ATHLETES: INSIGHTS FROM FEATURE TRACKING CARDIOVASCULAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE
- CO 40 MYOCARDIAL SCAR CHARACTERISTICS BY 3D-LGE CANNOT FULLY EXPLAIN DIFFERENT ARRHYTHMIC EVENT RATES IN PRIMARY AND SECONDARY PREVENTION OF SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH
- CO 106 HEPATIC T1 MAPPING: A NEW EASILY OBTAINED BIOMARKER FOR HEART FAILURE PATIENTS UNDERGOING CARDIAC MAGNETIC RESONANCE
- CO 107 CRITICAL APPRAISAL OF A NON-INVASIVE MODEL TO DERIVE PULMONARY CAPILLARY WEDGE PRESSURE FROM CARDIAC MAGNETIC RESONANCE IN HEART FAILURE PATIENTS LOOK BEFORE YOU JUMP

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.4 NUCLEAR IMAGING

- PO 135 EXTRACARDIAC COMPLICATIONS IN INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS: THE ROLE OF 18-FDG-PET/CT
- PO 171 SHOULD WE PERFORM CARDIAC SCINTIGRAPHY WITH BONE TRACERS IN PATIENTS WITH IDIOPATHIC CARPAL TUNNEL? PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF CARPOS STUDY
- PO 174 UTILIZATION OF 18-FDG-PET/CT IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF NATIVE VALVE ENDOCARDITIS
- CO 108 UTILIZATION OF 18-FDG-PET/CT IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTHETIC VALVE ENDOCARDITIS
- CO 109 DIAGNOSTIC VALUE OF 18-FDG-PET/CT IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF CARDIAC IMPLANTABLE DEVICES

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.5 HYBRID AND FUSION IMAGING

- CO 110 AORTIC VALVE MICROCALCIFICATION ASSESSED BY 18F-SODIUM FLUORIDE POSITRON EMISSION TOMOGRAPHY/ COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY: IS THERE A LINK BETWEEN VALVE UPTAKE AND CARDIOVASCULAR RISK?
- CO 124 GLOBAL CARDIAC MICROCALCIFICATION ACTIVITY AS A MEASURE OF THE CARDIOVASCULAR RISK BURDEN: AN EXPLORATORY STUDY USING SODIUM FLUORIDE IN HIGH CARDIOVASCULAR RISK PATIENTS

B. IMAGING -> 03. IMAGING -> 03.7 IMAGING - OTHER

PO 133 AUTOMATIC INTERPRETATION OF POINT-OF-CARE LUNG ULTRASOUND

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 04. ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL -> 04.2 ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

PO 100 DOES QT INTERVAL PROLONGATION HAVE PROGNOSTIC IMPLICATIONS IN TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME?

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 04. ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL -> 04.3 ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 44 NON-INVASIVE ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC MAPPING USING AN ENDO-EPICARDIAL SYSTEM SHOWS BETTER ACCURACY FOR ATRIAL ARRHYTHMIAS THAN VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS
- CO 75 DIAGNOSTIC YELD AND CLINICAL IMPLICATIONS OF IMPLANTABLE LOOP RECORDER FOR ARRYTHMIA INVESTIGATION: A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 04. ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL -> 04.6 ARRHYTHMIAS, GENERAL - CLINICAL

PO 140 SEVERITY OF OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNEA IS ASSOCIATED WITH THE PRESENCE OF FREQUENT PREMATURE VENTRICULAR CONTRACTIONS

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.1 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND MECHANISMS

- CO 57 LOW VOLTAGE AND LOW WAVE SPEED ARE RARELY PRESENT OUTSIDE THE LEFT ATRIUM-PULMONARY VEINS JUNCTION IN PAROXYSMAL ATRIAL FIBRILLATION BUT FREQUENTLY PRESENT IN PERSISTENT FORMS
- CO 58 CHARACTERIZATION OF ROTOR PHENOMENA WITH HIGH-DENSITY BODY SURFACE ELECTRODE MAPPING IN PERSISTENT ATRIAL FIBRILLATION AND IMPACT OF PULMONARY VEIN ISOLATION
- CO 59 UNDERSTANDING THE COMPLEX STRUCTURE OF THE LEFT ATRIUM FROM CARDIAC CT A MACHINE LEARNING-BASED RADIOMICS MODEL TO PREDICT POST-ABLATION RECURRENCE OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.2 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 4 IMPACT OF OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP APNOEA ON LONG-TERM ATRIAL FIBRILLATION-FREE SURVIVAL AFTER CATHETER ABLATION
- PO 5 INVASIVE ATRIAL CONDUCTION INTERVAL AS A MARKER OF ATRIAL DISEASE AND AN INSTRUMENT OF PREDICTING ATRIAL FIBRILLATION RECURRENCE AFTER SUCCESSFUL CATHETER ABLATION
- PO 163 A GLIMPSE AT THE MANAGEMENT OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION AN ASSESSMENT OF STANDARD OF CARE
- CO 73 SEX DIFFERENCES IN TIME TO ATRIAL FIBRILLATION RECURRENCE AFTER CATHETER ABLATION

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.3 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

PO 2 VERY-EARLY DETECTION OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION IN PATIENTS AFTER ABLATION EVALUATED BY A HOME-BASED WEARABLE ECG-PATCH

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.4 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - TREATMENT

- PO 3 CRYOABLATION: PROCEDURAL OUTCOMES FOR A SUCCESSFUL PULMONARY VEIN ISOLATION
- PO 162 ARC-HBR SCORE PREDICTS BETTER THAN HEMORR2HAGES THE RISK OF MAJOR BLEEDING IN PATIENTS WITH ATRIAL FIBRILLATION

- PO 164 ANTIARRHYTHMIC PRE-TREATMENT AS A PREDICTOR OF SUCCESSFUL ELECTIVE ELECTRICAL CARDIOVERSION OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION
- PO 165 PREDICTORS IN PREVENTION OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION RECURRENCE AFTER ELECTIVE ELECTRICAL CARDIOVERSION
- CO 11 ATRIAL FIBRILATION CATHETER ABLATION: ELECTROPORATION AGAINST HIGH-POWER SHORT DURATION RADIOFREQUENCY
- CO 13 VERY HIGH-POWER SHORT-DURATION VERSUS CONVENTIONAL RADIOFREQUENCY ABLATION GUIDED BY ABLATION INDEX FOR PULMONARY VEIN ISOLATION: DATA FROM A PORTUGUESE HEALTHCARE CENTRE
- CO 14 SINGLE VERSUS DOUBLE TRANSEPTAL PUNCTURE IN CATHETER ABLATION OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION: CHARACTERIZATION AND LONG-TERM OUTCOMES IN A SINGLE TERTIARY CENTER
- CO 15 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION HIGH POWER RADIOFREQUENCY ABLATION: EFFICIENCY AND SAFETY

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.5 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - STROKE PREVENTION

- PO 161 DIRECT ORAL ANTICOAGULANTS VERSUS VITAMIN K ANTAGONISTS AND NO ANTICOAGULATION IN PATIENTS WITH NONVALVULAR ATRIAL FIBRILLATION AND END-STAGE RENAL DISEASE OR HEMODIALYSIS
- CO 10 LOW-DOSE ORAL ANTICOAGULATION VERSUS DUAL ANTIPLATELET THERAPY FOLLOWED BY SINGLE ANTIPLATELET THERAPY IN PATIENTS SUBMITTED TO LEFT ATRIAL APPENDAGE OCCLUSION

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 05. ATRIAL FIBRILLATION -> 05.9 ATRIAL FIBRILLATION - OTHER

PO 1 USE OF FLUOROSCOPY AND RADIATION EXPOSURE DURING AF ABLATION: A SINGLE-CENTER 10-YEAR EXPERIENCE.

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 06. SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) -> 06.2 SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 43 PULMONARY VEIN ISOLATION WITH ADDITIONAL SUBSTRATE ABLATION FOR ATRIAL FIBRILLATION RESULTS IN AN INCREASED RISK FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ATYPICAL ATRIAL FLUTTER
- CO 72 PROCEDURAL RELATED VERSUS IDIOPATHIC ATYPICAL ATRIAL FLUTTER

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 06. SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) -> 06.3 SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- CO 60 LEFT-SIDED ATYPICAL FLUTTER: A LOOK INTO THE MECHANISMS IN PATIENTS NOT SUBMITTED TO PRIOR LINEAR ABLATION
- CO 71 ATYPICAL FLUTTER: EFFECTIVENESS OF A SYSTEMATIC STRATEGY BASED ON COMPREHENSIVE HIGH-DENSITY MAP ANALYSIS

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 06. SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) -> 06.4 SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA (NON-AF) - TREATMENT

- PO 41 LONG TERM EFFECTIVENESS OF LEFT SIDED AFL ABLATION
- PO 42 CATHETER ABLATION FOR ATYPICAL ATRIAL FLUTTER: CHARACTERIZATION AND RECURRENCE PREDICTORS
- CO 12 CROSSING THE LINE IN PERIMITRAL FLUTTER ABLATION: A NEW SOLUTION FOR AN OLD PROBLEM

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 07. SYNCOPE AND BRADYCARDIA -> 07.3 SYNCOPE AND BRADYCARDIA - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

PO 125 CAUGHT IN A LOOP: ONE CENTER'S EXPERIENCE WITH ILR

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 07. SYNCOPE AND BRADYCARDIA -> 07.4 SYNCOPE AND BRADYCARDIA - TREATMENT

- PO 143 EFFECTIVENESS OF CARDIAC PACING IN THE PREVENTION OF NEUROCARDIOGENIC SYNCOPE IN PATIENTS WITH CARDIOINHIBITORY RESPONSE ON HEAD-UP TILT TEST
- PO 145 LEADLESS PACEMAKER: SINGLE CENTRE 5 YEAR EXPERIENCE

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 08. VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH (SCD) -> 08.2 VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SCD - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 97 EXERCISE STRESS TEST IN BRUGADA SYNDROME SHOULD WE RESTRICT PHYSICAL ACTIVITY?
- PO 98 FAMILY SCREENING FOR BRUGADA SYNDROME ECG PARAMETERS AS A USEFUL SCREENING TOOL

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 08. VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH (SCD) -> 08.3 VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SCD - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 99 AJMALINE PROVOCATIVE TEST IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF BRUGADA SYNDROME WHAT TO EXPECT?
- CO 61 USING THE 3D ARCHITECTURE OF SCAR TO PREDICT LIFE-THREATENING VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS STILL A LONG WAY TO GO

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 08. VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH (SCD) -> 08.4 VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SCD - TREATMENT

- PO 136 IMPACT OF A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH IN VENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA ABLATION COMPLICATION RATE: TEAM WORK TO IMPROVE OUTCOMES
- PO 139 EFFECTIVENESS OF CATHETER ABLATION FOR TREATMENT OF SYMPTOMATIC FREQUENT PREMATURE VENTRICULAR COMPLEXES
- CO 62 EXTRACORPOREAL MEMBRANE OXYGENATION'S ROLE IN REFRACTORY ELECTRICAL STORM WITH NO STRAIGHTFORWARD TREATMENT HOW MUCH TIME WORTHS?
- CO 63 NOVEL EPICARDIAL ACCESS TECHNIQUE FACILITATED BY CARBON DIOXIDE INSUFFLATION OF THE PERICARDIUM FOR ABLATION OF ARRHYTHMIAS

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 08. VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH (SCD) -> 08.5 VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMIAS AND SCD - PREVENTION

PO 96 OPTIMIZING ICD ROLE IN PRIMARY PREVENTION OF SUDDEN CARDIAC DEATH - DOES MADIT-ICD BENEFIT SCORE HELPS IN A REAL-WORLD SETTING?

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.1 ANTIBRADYCARDIA PACING

- PO 141 LEADLESS VS. TRANSVENOUS SINGLE-CHAMBER PACING PROPENSITY-MATCHED COMPARISON OF OUTCOMES
- PO 142 RECURRENCE AFTER RESOLUTION OF SYMPTOMATIC ATRIOVENTRICULAR BLOCK AND CORRECTION OF TRANSIENT CAUSES SHOULD WE KEEP AN EYE ON EVERYONE?
- PO 144 IMPLANTE DE PACEMAKER DEFINITIVO EM AMBULATÓRIO- UMA REALIDADE SEGURA E CUSTO-EFETIVA
- CO 38 ATRIOVENTRICULAR-SYNCHRONOUS LEADLESS PACEMAKERS: A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.2 IMPLANTABLE CARDIOVERTER / DEFIBRILLATOR

PO 122 QRS WIDTH VARIATION AS A MARKER OF PROGNOSIS AFTER CRT IMPLANTATION: GETTING SLIMMER IS GETTING BETTER!

- PO 137 SUBCUTANEOUS VERSUS TRANSVENOUS CARDIOVERTER DEFIBRILLATOR: IMPROVED OUTCOMES IN MID-TERM FOLLOW-UP
- PO 138 LONG-TERM STABILITY OF ATRIAL SENSING IN IMPLANTABLE CARDIOVERTER-DEFIBRILLATORS WITH FLOATING ATRIAL DIPOLE LEADS

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.3 CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY

- PO 81 PROGNOSTIC IMPLICATIONS OF CRT RESPONSE CATEGORIZATION
- PO 82 PREDICTIVE FACTORS OF MORTALITY OR CLINICAL DETERIORATION IN ATRIAL FIBRILLATION PATIENTS RECEIVING CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY
- PO 83 IMPACT OF NON-TYPICAL LBBB ON CRT RESPONSE
- PO 85 HEART FAILURE CLINICAL OUTCOMES AFTER CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION WITH QUADRIPOLAR VERSUS BIPOLAR LEFT VENTRICULAR LEADS
- CO 36 LEFT BUNDLE BRANCH AREA PACING FOR ELECTRICAL SYNCHRONIZATION: DESCRIPTION OF A SINGLE-CENTER EXPERIENCE AND COMPARISON TO CONVENTIONAL BIVENTRICULAR PACING
- CO 37 LEFT BUNDLE BRANCH AREA PACING- FOLLOW UP DATA ON PACING PERFORMANCE

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.4 HOME AND REMOTE PATIENT MONITORING

CO 74 ECG-PATCH ASSESSMENT OF ATRIAL FIBRILLATION DURING THE VERY-EARLY BLANKING PREDICTS LATE BLANKING PERIOD RECURRENCE: PRELIMINARY DATA FROM A PROSPECTIVE REGISTRY

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.5 DEVICE COMPLICATIONS AND LEAD EXTRACTION

- PO 121 LEAD EXTRACTION USING THE PISA TECHNIQUE: COMPARISON OF NON-INFECTED VS INFECTED LEADS
- PO 123 PEDIATRIC CARDIAC PACING: TWENTY YEARS OF A SINGLE-CENTRE EXPERIENCE
- CO 39 LEAD EXTRACTION OF VERY OLD LEADS USING THE PISA TECHNIQUE EXPERIENCE OF A PORTUGUESE TERTIARY CARE CENTER

C. ARRHYTHMIAS AND DEVICE THERAPY -> 09. DEVICE THERAPY -> 09.6 DEVICE THERAPY -OTHER

- PO 45 PATIENTS WITH IMPLANTABLE CARDIAC DEVICES UNDERGOING RADIATION THERAPY: A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE
- PO 84 PROGNOSTIC VALUE OF NUTRITIONAL STATUS IN POST-IMPLANT CRT OUTCOMES IN PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC HEART FAILURE
- PO 124 USEFULNESS OF DEVICE-DETECTED RESPIRATORY DISTURBANCE INDEX TO ASSESS CPAP THERAPY EFFICACY IN PATIENTS WITH SLEEP APNEA SYNDROME

D. HEART FAILURE -> 10. CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -> 10.2 CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 102 HEART FAILURE WITH RECOVERED LEFT VENTRICLE EJECTION FRACTION: CAN WE PREDICT IT?
- PO 103 ASSESSING THE FINAL YEAR OF HF PATIENTS BEFORE DEATH: WHY WE MUST STRIVE FOR BETTER END-OF-LIFE CARE
- PO 104 HEART FAILURE WITH MILDLY REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION IS NOT ALL ALIKE: THE IMPORTANCE OF DISEASE TRAJECTORY
- PO 126 A NEW PREDICTIVE SCORE TO EVALUATE THE IMPACT OF MALNUTRITION AND INFLAMMATION IN PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE MAI-HF SCORE

- PO 127 PERFORMANCE OF THE MAGGIC SCORE IN PREDICTING ALL-CAUSE DEATH AND CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS IN CORONARY HEART DISEASE PATIENTS
- PO 130 HEART FAILURE WITH PRESERVED EJECTION FRACTION AND CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE SUBPHENOTYPE: MORTALITY AND BIOMARKERS PROFILES ANALYSIS
- PO 205 ALCOHOL INTAKE AND CARDIAC REMODELING IN PATIENTS WITH ALCOHOLIC CARDIOMYOPATHY
 - CO 3 CLINICAL PHENOTYPES AND PROGNOSIS OF PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE WITH MILDLY REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION
 - CO 4 THE PROGNOSTIC IMPACT OF LOOP GAIN IN HEART FALILURE
- CO 86 CHANGES IN HEALTH-RELATED QUALITY OF LIFE AND TREATMENT EFFECTS IN CHRONIC HEART FAILURE: A META-ANALYSIS

D. HEART FAILURE -> 10. CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -> 10.3 CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

PO 203 FLUID CHALLENGE IN RIGHT HEART CATHETERISATION - A PROMISING APPROACH TO UNVEIL OCCULT HFPEF

D. HEART FAILURE -> 10. CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -> 10.4 CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -TREATMENT

- PO 101 HEART FAILURE EARLY POST DISCHARGE APPOINTMENT A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE
- PO 166 EFFECTS OF MAXIMUM DOSE SACUBITRIL/VALSARTAN IN HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION ACCORDING TO ATRIAL FIBRILLATION STATUS
- PO 169 OPTIMIZING HEART FAILURE MEDICAL THERAPY IN SECONDARY MITRAL REGURGITATION PATIENTS UNDERGOING TRANSCATHETER EDGE-TO-EDGE REPAIR
- PO 170 PHARMACOLOGIC TRANSITION IN THE CARE OF PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION -A REAL LIFE ANALYSIS
- PO 202 IMPACT OF ADVANCED CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE ON THERAPEUTIC MANAGEMENT OF HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION
 - CO 5 LONG-TERM OUTCOMES AFTER RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY: A DECADE OF EXPERIENCE FROM A SINGLE-CENTER
- CO 87 EFFECTIVENESS AND SAFETY OF SACUBITRIL/VALSARTAN IN PATIENTS WITH CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE A REAL-WORLD EXPERIENCE
- CO 88 ISCHEMIC AND NONISCHEMIC HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION: ASSESSING LEFT ATRIAL STRAIN IMAGING AFTER SACUBITRIL/VALSARTAN THERAPY
- CO 89 LEVOSIMENDAN SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE WITH INTERMITTENT 24H ADMINISTRATION
- CO 90 ATTR-CM IN A REAL-WORLD REFERRAL CENTER: A 3-YEAR EXPERIENCE DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT CHALLENGES

D. HEART FAILURE -> 10. CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -> 10.6 CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -CLINICAL

- PO 167 HEMODYNAMIC EFFECTS OF OUTPATIENT LEVOSIMENDAN INFUSION ASSESSED DAILY USING THE INVASIVE REMOTE MONITORING CARDIOMEMS™ SYSTEM
 - CO 2 INFLUENCE OF DIHYDROPYRIDINES CLASS OF CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS IN IRON DEFICIENCY IN PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE WITH REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION

D. HEART FAILURE -> 10. CHRONIC HEART FAILURE -> 10.7 CHRONIC HEART FAILURE - OTHER

- PO 204 HEART FAILURE THERAPY COST AND ITS IMPACT ON MONTHLY INCOME IN THE PORTUGUESE POPULATION
 - CO 1 SCREENING FOR SLEEP BREATHING DISORDER IN PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE 1 YEAR MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAM EXPERIENCE

D. HEART FAILURE -> 11. ACUTE HEART FAILURE -> 11.2 ACUTE HEART FAILURE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 128 CYSTATIN C IS BETTER THAN CREATINE FOR PROGNOSTIC EVALUATION IN HEART FAILURE PATIENTS
- PO 129 DYNAMIC SCAI CLASSIFICATION DURING ADMISSION FOR CARDIOGENIC SHOCK THE VALUE OF STAGING VARIATION IN THE FIRST 24 HOURS AND THE IMPACT OF RISK MODIFIERS

D. HEART FAILURE -> 11. ACUTE HEART FAILURE -> 11.4 ACUTE HEART FAILURE- TREATMENT

- PO 105 HYPOALBUMINEMIA INCREASES THE TIME TO EUVOLEMIA IN HEART FAILURE PATIENTS
- PO 168 ELIGIBILITY FOR ACETAZOLAMIDE IN PATIENTS WITH DECOMPENSATED HEART FAILURE
- CO 20 VENO-ARTERIAL EXTRACORPOREAL MEMBRANE OXYGENATION FOR CARDIOGENIC SHOCK: ONE-YEAR OUTCOMES FROM A CARDIAC INTENSIVE CARE UNIT LED SHOCK TEAM PROGRAM

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 12. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CHRONIC) -> 12.1 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE -PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND MECHANISMS

CO 85 A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE MOLECULAR BIOLOGY THROUGH AN INTERMEDIATE PHENOTYPE

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 12. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CHRONIC) -> 12.2 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

CO 68 KEEPING TRACK OF CARDIAC ALLOGRAFT VASCULOPATHY IN THE 21ST CENTURY - A SINGLE-CENTER EXPERIENCE

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 12. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CHRONIC) -> 12.3 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 226 INVASIVE CORONARY FUNCTION TESTING IN PATIENTS WITH INOCA A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE
- CO 81 VALIDATION AND POTENTIAL USEFULNESS OF THE UPDATED PROMISE MINIMAL RISK TOOL IN PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE UNDERGOING CORONARY CT ANGIOGRAPHY
- CO 82 DETECTION OF CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE USING EPICARDIAL ADIPOSE TISSUE RADIOMICS IN NON-CONTRAST COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 12. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CHRONIC) -> 12.4 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE -TREATMENT

- CO 29 PERFORMANCE AND SAFETY OUTCOMES OF A STRUCTURED CHRONIC TOTAL OCCLUSION (CTO) PCI PROGRAM
- CO 84 ANGINA BEYOND STRUCTURAL CORONARY DISEASE: TAILORING MEDICAL THERAPY USING CORONARY FUNCTION TESTING

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 12. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CHRONIC) -> 12.6 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE - CLINICAL

PO 235 CLINICAL AND LONG-TERM PROGNOSTIC TRENDS IN ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: A MULTICENTRE NATIONAL REGISTRY ANALYSIS

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.1 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND MECHANISMS

PO 215 MINOCA - NOT A DEFINITIVE DIAGNOSIS

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.2 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 10 LEFT VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC DYSFUNCTION AFTER ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: LONG-TERM CANCER INCIDENCE AND MORTALITY
- PO 29 EXTERNAL VALIDATION OF A CLINICAL SCORE IN PREDICTING INTRAHOSPITAL DEATH IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: THE KASH SCORE
- PO 66 RE-INFARCTION DURING HOSPITALIZATION FOR ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: PREVALENCE, PREDICTORS AND IMPACT ON MORTALITY
- PO 69 ANTERIOR VERSUS NON-ANTERIOR STEMI: INCIDENCE OF REINFARCTION AND ALL-CAUSE MORTALITY AT LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP
- PO 70 ELAPSED TIME FROM SYMPTOM ONSET TO CORONARY PERCUTANEOUS REVASCULARIZATION IN ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES: IS THERE A GENDER DIFFERENCE?
- PO 87 SPONTANEOUS CORONARY ARTERY DISSECTION: A 5-YEAR REVIEW FROM A TERTIARY CARE CENTER
- PO 89 PREMATURE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH ST ELEVATION- 10 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE
- PO 90 PROGNOSTIC VALUE OF REMNANT CHOLESTEROL LEVELS AFTER ACUTE PHASE OF MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION
- PO 156 OUTCOMES OF DIABETIC PATIENTS WITH ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES TREATED WITH ASPIRIN IN PRIMARY PREVENTION
- PO 157 IDENTIFICATION OF FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA IN ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME PATIENTS: ARE WE MISSING THE MARK?
- PO 158 CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE IN PATIENTS ADMITTED WITH MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: IMPACT ON THERAPY AND PROGNOSIS
- PO 159 PROGNOSTIC IMPACT OF CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE IN ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES
- PO 160 ACUTE ST SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION LEAVES NO-ONE BEHIND: A YOUNG POPULATION ANALYSIS
- PO 212 DO CARDIOVASCULAR RISK FACTORS IMPACT THE MANAGEMENT OF MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH NO OBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ATHEROSCLEROSIS PATIENTS?
- PO 213 CAN GENDER PLAY A ROLE IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH NO OBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ATHEROSCLEROSIS?
- PO 231 THE KASH ONE TRIAL EARLY DISCHARGE IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: PRELIMINARY RESULTS
- PO 232 LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP (12 YEARS) OF ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION SURVIVORS IN ACCORDANCE TO WEIGHT: IS THERE AND OBESITY PARADOX?
- PO 233 HOSPITAL DISCHARGE AFTER UNCOMPLICATED ST ELEVATION ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: HOW EARLY IS SAFE?
- PO 234 LADIES FIRST: AWARENESS FOR THE RISK OF ADVERSE OUTCOMES OF FEMALE PATIENTS AFTER ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME
- CO 53 THE INFLUENCE OF WEATHER IN THE FORECASTING OF STEMI OCCURRENCE
- CO 54 COMPLETE REVASCULARIZATION VS CULPRIT-ONLY PCI IN STEMI PATIENTS WITH MULTIVESSEL DISEASE: A LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP ANALYSIS (8 YEARS) OF REINFARCTION AND ALL-CAUSE MORTALITY
- CO 55 SEQUENTIAL KASH SCORE EVALUATION RESULTS IN NEAR PERFECT MORTALITY RISK PREDICTION IN ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.3 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

PO 88 CAN WE PREDICT WHICH MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH NO OBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ATHEROSCLEROSIS PATIENTS WILL REMAIN WITH UNEXPLAINED CAUSE?

- PO 227 CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY AFTER OUT-OF-HOSPITAL CARDIAC ARREST WITHOUT ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION: IS IT TIME TO COOL DOWN?
- PO 229 CLINICAL TRENDS IN UNSTABLE ANGINA AFTER HIGH-SENSITIVE CARDIAC TROPONIN INTRODUCTION: A SINGLE CENTRE ANALYSIS

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.4 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - TREATMENT

- PO 26 PREVIOUS USE OF AMIODARONE AND ITS EFFECT ON ARRHYTHMIC EVENTS AND OUTCOMES IN PATIENTS WITH ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION
- PO 67 ARE THE RESULTS OF THE COMPLETE TRIAL APPLICABLE TO ALL ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES?
- PO 176 NSTE-ACS DUAL ANTIPLATELET PRE-TREATMENT: THE PORTUGUESE EXPERIENCE
- **PO 177** DUAL ANTIPLATELET THERAPY DURATION IN PATIENTS WITH ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME TREATED WITH PERCUTANEOUS CORONARY INTERVENTION: HOW DO WE MAKE DECISIONS?
- PO 178 MINERALOCORTICOID RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS AFTER ACUTE MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION IN PATIENTS WITH MILDLY REDUCED LEFT VENTRICULAR EJECTION FRACTION
- PO 179 EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF TICAGRELOR COMPARED TO CLOPIDOGREL IN ELDERLY PATIENTS WITH ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION
- PO 180 ANTITHROMBOTIC THERAPY IN STEMI: EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF ADDING PARENTERAL ANTICOAGULATION IN STEMI UNDERGOING PCI
- PO 211 LONG TERM PROGNOSIS OF PHARMACOLOGICAL INTERVENTION IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH NONOBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ARTERIES (MINOCA)
- PO 230 CORONARY ASPIRATION THROMBECTOMY: NOT ALWAYS, NOT EVER
- CO 51 PRETREATMENT WITH PARENTERAL ANTICOAGULATION IN PATIENTS WITH ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS
- CO 52 SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS ON THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF P2Y12 INHIBITOR PRETREATMENT FOR PRIMARY PCI IN STEMI

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.6 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - CLINICAL

PO 68 PROGNOSIS OF PATIENTS WITH LEFT CIRCUMFLEX ARTERY-RELATED MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION BASED ON THE RESULTS OF A LARGE NATIONAL REGISTRY

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 13. ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES -> 13.7 ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES - OTHER

- PO 86 PERCEIVED STRESS IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION WITH NON-OBSTRUCTIVE CORONARY ARTERIES?
- PO 214 STUDY OF THE PREVALENCE, PROGNOSIS AND MORTALITY OF PATIENTS DIAGNOSED WITH MINOCA
- PO 228 THE ROLE OF CARDIAC REHABILITATION IN PATIENTS FOLLOWING ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME IN PORTUGAL ARE WE DOING ENOUGH?

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 14. ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 14.3 ACUTE CARDIAC CARE - CCU, INTENSIVE, AND CRITICAL CARDIOVASCULAR CARE

- PO 27 A VERY LONG STORY: INTRA-AORTIC BALLOON PUMP (IABP) COUNTERPULSATION IN PATIENTS WITH ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME - A 18-YEARS SINGLE-CENTER EXPERIENCE
- CO 17 THE PORTUGUESE APPROACH TO CARDIOGENIC SHOCK IN ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME
- CO 18 PREDICTION OF IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN PATIENTS ADMITTED FOR CARDIOGENIC SHOCK TREATED WITH VA-ECMO VALIDATION OF SAVE SCORE AND THE INCREMENTAL VALUE OF SERUM LACTATE

E. CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE, ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROMES, ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 14. ACUTE CARDIAC CARE -> 14.4 ACUTE CARDIAC CARE - CARDIOGENIC SHOCK

- PO 28 IABP IN CARDIOGENIC SHOCK AFTERMATH 10 YEARS APART FROM IABP-SHOCK TRIAL
- PO 30 THE IMPORTANCE OF CONGESTION ASSESSMENT BY RIGHT HEART CATHETERIZATION IN CARDIOGENIC SHOCK PATIENTS
- CO 16 PREDICTORS OF IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION PRESENTING WITH CARDIOGENIC SHOCK
- CO 19 CIRCULATORY POWER A NEWLY DEVELOPED NON-INVASIVE DYNAMIC PARAMETER TO PREDICT IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN CARDIOGENIC SHOCK

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 15. VALVULAR HEART DISEASE -> 15.2 VALVULAR HEART DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 56 PROGNOSTIC IMPACT OF LOW-FLOW CONDITIONS IN PERCUTANEOUS TREATMENT OF SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS -A MATTER OF FLOW VERSUS VOLUME
- PO 57 PROGNOSTIC IMPLICATIONS OF AORTIC STENOSIS PROGRESSION RATE
- PO 181 IMPACT OF TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION ON KIDNEY FUNCTION IN CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE PATIENTS
- PO 183 THE ROLE OF THE RIGHT HEART ON OUTCOMES AFTER TAVI: ANALYSIS FROM A LARGE SINGLE-CENTER COHORT
- CO 92 TELEMONITORING AORTIC VALVULAR INTERVENTION WAITING LIST PATIENTS PROGNOSTIC VALUE
- CO 136 DEFINING A PROGNOSTICALLY RELEVANT THRESHOLD FOR STROKE VOLUME INDEX IN SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS PATIENTS UNDERGOING TRANSCATHETER VALVE IMPLANTATION

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 15. VALVULAR HEART DISEASE -> 15.3 VALVULAR HEART DISEASE - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 58 ANOTHER WAY TO STUDY RISK FACTORS FOR AORTIC VALVE CALCIFICATION
- CO 137 CARDIAC DAMAGE EXTENT IN PATIENT WITH ISOLATED SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS REFERRED TO SURGICAL AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT: IS IT REVERSIBLE AFTER SURGERY?

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 15. VALVULAR HEART DISEASE -> 15.4 VALVULAR HEART DISEASE - TREATMENT

- PO 24 TEN YEARS FOLLOW-UP AFTER AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT WITH BIOPROSTHESIS TRIFECTA: A SINGLE CENTER RETROSPECTIVE COHORT
- PO 25 FREEDOM SOLO STENTLESS BIOPROSTHESIS FOR AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT CLINICAL AND HEMODYNAMIC EVALUATION THROUGH SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS
- PO 60 OUTCOMES AFTER TRANSCATHETER EDGE-TO-EDGE REPAIR OF PRIMARY MITRAL REGURGITATION A SINGLE-CENTRE EXPERIENCE
- PO 184 UNILATERAL FEMORAL ACCESS FOR TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 16. INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS -> 16.2 INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 76 PERFIL MICROBIOLÓGICO NA ENDOCARDITE INFECIOSA: ONDE ESTAMOS?
- PO 77 A2SHES SCORE: A NOVEL SIMPLIFIED RISK SCORE FOR PREDICTING IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS
- PO 78 PREDICTORS OF EARLY MORTALITY IN INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS A SIX-YEAR SINGLE-CENTRE RETROSPECTIVE STUDY
- PO 79 CHOQUE NA ENDOCARDITE INFECIOSA
- PO 80 LONG-TERM TEMPORAL AND SEASONAL TRENDS OF INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS
- CO 138 TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS CHARACTERIZATION AND OUTCOMES

- CO 139 IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS: A SCORE COMPARISON
- CO 140 A LIGHT AT THE END OF THE TUNNEL COULD INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS EPIDEMIOLOGY AND BURDEN BE CHANGING FOR THE BETTER?

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 16. INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS -> 16.4 INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS - TREATMENT

PO 22 SURGICAL VERSUS MEDICAL THERAPY IN PATIENTS WITH INFECTIVE ENDOCARDITIS AND SURGERY INDICATION: A RETROSPECTIVE STUDY

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 17. MYOCARDIAL DISEASE -> 17.1 MYOCARDIAL DISEASE - PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND MECHANISMS

- PO 64 TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME DIFFERENT TRIGGERS IN DIFFERENT POPULATIONS?
- PO 155 UNDERSTANDING THE COMPLEX PHENOTYPE OF HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY: THE ROLE OF SYSTEMIC INFLAMMATION

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 17. MYOCARDIAL DISEASE -> 17.2 MYOCARDIAL DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 59 SCREENING FOR CARDIAC AMYLOIDOSIS IN PATIENTS UNDERGOING TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION (TAVI)
- PO 62 MYOCARDITIS ASSOCIATED WITH SARS-COV-2 INFECTION OR COVID-19 VACCINATION: A VERY RARE ADVERSE EVENT?
- PO 63 THE PREDICTIVE ROLE OF RIGHT AND LEFT VENTRICULAR LONGITUDINAL STRAIN MEASURED BY TWO-DIMENSIONAL ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY IN WILD-TYPE TRANSTHYRETIN CARDIAC AMYLOIDOSIS
- PO 65 LEFT BUNDLE BRANCH BLOCK CARDIOMYOPATHY AN INTRIGUING AND DEFIANT ENTITY FROM DIAGNOSIS TO TREATMENT
- PO 153 PREDICTORS OF LEFT VENTRICULAR DYSFUNCTION IN HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY: RESULTS FROM A NATIONWIDE REGISTRY
- PO 191 TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME DOES TRIGGER MATTER?
- PO 192 CLINICAL CHARACTERIZATION AND LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP OF PATIENTS WITH TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME: 18-YEAR EXPERIENCE OF A PORTUGUESE TERTIARY CARE CENTER
- PO 193 DELAYED RECOVERY OF LEFT VENTRICULAR EJECTION FRACTION IN TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME AS A PREDICTOR OF MAJOR ADVERSE CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS
- PO 194 TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME IS THE TYPICAL TYPE THE REAL VILLAIN?
- PO 195 TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME IN PATIENTS WITH HISTORY OF MALIGNANCY: CLINICAL FEATURES AND FOLLOW-UP
- CO 102 PHENOTYPES AND NATURAL HISTORY OF TNNT2 GENE MUTATION CARRIERS WITH FAMILIAL HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY: A LONG FOLLOW UP STUDY
- CO 103 PERSISTING SYMPTOMS DESPITE OPTIMAL MEDICAL TREATMENT IN PATIENTS WITH OBSTRUCTIVE HCM NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SEPTAL REDUCTION THERAPY: INSIGHTS FROM AN INTERNATIONAL REGISTRY
- CO 105 UNVEILING THE ROLE OF SYSTEMIC INFLAMMATION IN HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY A NEW PREDICTOR OF CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS
- CO 126 CARDIAC AMYLOIDOSIS SCREENING: STILL A LONG WAY TO GO
- CO 130 CARDIOVASCULAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE IN NEUROMUSCULAR DISORDERS LOOKING AHEAD

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 17. MYOCARDIAL DISEASE -> 17.3 MYOCARDIAL DISEASE - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 61 THE ROLE OF CARDIAC MAGNETIC RESONANCE ON THE DIAGNOSIS OF COVID-19 RELATED MYOCARDITIS
- CO 104 ASSESSMENT OF MYOCARDIAL WORK IN SARCOMERE GENE MUTATION CARRIERS AND OVERT HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 17. MYOCARDIAL DISEASE -> 17.4 MYOCARDIAL DISEASE - TREATMENT

- CO 101 OUTCOMES AND SAFETY OF DISOPYRAMIDE AND NADOLOL IN A COHORT OF HYPERTROPHIC CARDIOMYOPATHY PATIENTS
- CO 127 TRANSTHYRETIN-DIRECTED ANTISENSE OLIGONUCLEOTIDE THERAPY EFFECTS ON ATTRV MYOCARDIOPATHY A SINGLE-CENTER EXPERIENCE
- CO 128 SODIUM-GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 2 INHIBITORS IN PATIENTS WITH TRANSTHYRETIN AMYLOID CARDIOMYOPATHY -RESULTS FROM A PATIENT SERIES
- CO 129 BETA-BLOCKERS AND ANTIPLATELET THERAPY IN TAKOTSUBO SYNDROME TO DO OR NOT TO DO?

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 17. MYOCARDIAL DISEASE -> 17.6 MYOCARDIAL DISEASE - CLINICAL

- PO 151 A PILOT CHARACTERIZATION OF PATIENTS WITH LEFT VENTRICULAR ARRHYTHMOGENIC AND DILATED CARDIOMYOPATHY
- PO 152 THE RISK OF CARDIAC HOSPITALIZATION AND ARRYTHMIAS IN PATIENTS WITH ARRHYTHMOGENIC AND DILATED CARDIOMYOPATHIES
- PO 154 FAMILIAL AMYLOID POLYNEUROPATHY: CARDIAC INVOLVEMENT IN LIVER TRANSPLANTED PATIENTS

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 20. CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE AND PEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY -> 20.2 CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 17 LATE ATRIAL TACHYARRHYTHMIAS IN ADULT FONTAN PATIENTS
- PO 18 WORST PROGNOSIS RISK FACTORS IN TETRALOGY OF FALLOT
- PO 20 RASOPATIAS QUEM VÊ CARAS, VÊ MUTAÇÕES? EXPERIÊNCIA DE UM CENTRO TERCIÁRIO
- CO 31 CHARACTERIZATION AND COMPARISON OF RHYTHM DISTURBANCES AFTER ATRIAL OR ARTERIAL SWITCH SURGERIES FOR DEXTRO-TRANSPOSITION OF THE GREAT ARTERIES - A LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP STUDY
- CO 32 LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP STUDY OF ADVERSE EVENTS AFTER ATRIAL OR ARTERIAL SWITCH SURGERIES FOR DEXTRO-TRANSPOSITION OF THE GREAT ARTERIES
- CO 35 EXTERNAL VALIDATION OF SURVIVAL PREDICTING SCORE IN REPAIRED TETRALOGY OF FALLOT: AN OPPORTUNITY TO IMPROVE

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 20. CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE AND PEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY -> 20.4 CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE - TREATMENT

- PO 16 ATRIAL FLUTTER ABLATION IN CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE
- PO 113 HOLD THE DOOR: EXPERIENCE OF A NON-TERCIARY CENTRE IN PATENT FORAMEN OVALE CLOSURE
- PO 115 PERCUTANEOUS OCCLUSION OF VASCULAR MALFORMATIONS WITH PENUMBRA COILS
- CO 34 SURPASSING THE COMPLEX SUBSTRATE OF ACCESSORY PATHWAYS ABLATION IN EBSTEIN ANOMALY

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 20. CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE AND PEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY -> 20.7 PEDIATRIC CARDIOLOGY

CO 33 PATHOPHYSIOLOGY OF REFLEX SYNCOPE RESPONSE: ROLE OF THE AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM AND BAROREFLEX FUNCTION

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 21. PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE -> 21.2 PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

- PO 109 LONG-TERM SURVIVAL OUTCOMES AND BASELINE HEMODYNAMICS IN PATIENTS WITH PAH VERSUS CTEPH
- PO 110 CHRONIC THROMBOEMBOLIC PULMONARY DISEASE FROM PROXIMAL TO DISTAL: WHAT ARE THE DIFFERENCES?
- PO 186 CT-EP SCORE: A PREDICTIVE MODEL OF THE PROGNOSTIC VALUE OF CT PULMONARY ANGIOGRAPHY IN PATIENTS WITH ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM
- PO 190 HYPONATREMIA AS A PREDICTOR OF SHORT-TERM MORTALITY IN PATIENTS WITH ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM
- CO 48 A TALE OF A DEADLY DUO ESTIMATING PROGNOSIS IN CTD ASSOCIATED PH
- CO 96 IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY AND REPERFUSION RATE IN OCTAGENARIANS WITH HIGH-RISK PULMONARY EMBOLISM: A NATIONWIDE POPULATION-BASED COHORT STUDY IN PORTUGAL FROM 2010 TO 2018
- CO 97 CLINICAL, ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC, ANALYTICAL AND IMAGING PARAMETERS: WHICH ARE THE MAIN PROGNOSTIC FACTORS IN HOSPITALIZED PATIENTS WITH ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM?
- CO 100 PREVALENCE AND PREDICTORS OF CHRONIC THROMBOEMBOLIC PULMONARY HYPERTENSION FOLLOWING SEVERE FORMS OF ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM

F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 21. PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE -> 21.3 PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE - DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

- PO 107 STROKE VOLUME INDEX IN PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION: THE NEW KID ON THE BLOCK
- PO 108 NEW 2022 ESC/ERS DEFINITION OF PULMONARY HYPERTENSION. CAN WE RELY ON THE SAME NON-INVASIVE ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC PARAMETERS?
- PO 187 STROKE VOLUME INDEX IN CHRONIC TROMBOEMBOLIC PULMONARY HYPERTENSION: MORE INFORMATION IS POWER?
- PO 189 PERFORMING UNDER PRESSURE: CARDIOPULMONARY VENTILATORY EFFICIENCY IN PATIENTS WITH PULMONARY HYPERTENSION
- CO 45 DIAGNOSTICAR PRECOCEMENTE A DOENÇA VASCULAR PULMONAR PARA ALÉM DA AVALIAÇÃO EM REPOUSO
- CO 49 ABDOMINOPELVIC CT FOR CANCER SCREENING IN PATIENTS WITH UNPROVOKED PULMONARY EMBOLISM A CLOSED DISCUSSION?
- CO 50 CTEPH: RELEVANCE OF THE NEW 2022 ESC/ERS DEFINITION OF PULMONARY HYPERTENSION AND IMPACT ON DIAGNOSIS ACCURACY BY RIGHT HEART CATHETERIZATION
- F. VALVULAR, MYOCARDIAL, PERICARDIAL, PULMONARY, CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE -> 21. PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE -> 21.4 PULMONARY CIRCULATION, PULMONARY EMBOLISM, RIGHT HEART FAILURE -TREATMENT
 - PO 188 PROGNOSTIC RISK FACTORS IN CATHETER-DIRECTED THERAPIES IN INTERMEDIATE-HIGH RISK ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM
 - CO 46 BALLOON PULMONARY ANGIOPLASTY FOR CHRONIC THROMBOEMBOLIC PULMONARY HYPERTENSION: 5 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN A PORTUGUESE PULMONARY HYPERTENSION REFERRAL CENTER
 - CO 47 MORE OPTIONS FOR CHRONIC THROMBOEMBOLIC PULMONARY HYPERTENSION TREATMENT BALLOON PULMONARY ANGIOPLASTY IS AFFIRMING IT'S ROLE
 - CO 98 CATHETER-DIRECTED THERAPIES IMPACT ON INTERMEDIATE-HIGH- AND HIGH-RISK PULMONARY EMBOLISM PATIENTS

G. AORTIC DISEASE, PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE, STROKE -> 22. AORTIC DISEASE -> 22.2 AORTIC DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

PO 23 PREDICTORS OF IN-HOSPITAL MORTALITY IN TYPE A ACUTE AORTIC DISSECTION

G. AORTIC DISEASE, PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE, STROKE -> 22. AORTIC DISEASE -> 22.4 AORTIC DISEASE - TREATMENT

- PO 21 OUTCOMES OF MODERATE STENOSIS IN BICUSPID AORTIC VALVE SURGERY TO ALL?
- PO 182 MILDLY REDUCED AND REDUCED EJECTION FRACTION HEART FAILURE PATIENTS HAVE WORST OUTCOMES AFTER TRANSVALVULAR CATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION
- PO 238 CALCIUM SCORE A PREDICTOR OF HEART FAILURE IMPROVEMENT AFTER TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVULAR IMPLANTATION

G. AORTIC DISEASE, PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE, STROKE -> 23. PERIPHERAL VASCULAR AND CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE -> 23.2 PERIPHERAL VASCULAR AND CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

PO 224 PREVALENCE AND PREDICTORS OF PERIPHERAL ARTERY DISEASE IN HYPERTENSIVE INDIVIDUALS: RESULTS FROM A LOCAL CARDIOVASCULAR SCREENING EVENT

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 25. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY -> 25.1 INVASIVE IMAGING AND FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT

- CO 30 CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY AFTER OUT-OF-HOSPITAL CARDIAC ARREST WITHOUT ST-SEGMENT ELEVATION: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS OF RANDOMISED TRIALS
- CO 149 INTRAVASCULAR IMAGING MODALITIES IN CORONARY INTERVENTION: INSIGHTS FROM 3D-PRINTED PHANTOM CORONARY MODELS

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 25. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY -> 25.2 CORONARY INTERVENTION

- PO 51 TIMING OF INVASIVE STRATEGY IN NSTE-ACS AND CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE: COULD IT INFLUENCE THE OCCURRENCE OF ARRHYTHMIC AND PUMP FAILURE EVENTS?
- PO 54 OUTCOMES OF DIABETIC PATIENTS SUBMITTED TO CHRONIC TOTAL OCCLUSION PCI
- PO 55 HOW ARE INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGISTS MAKING THEIR TREATMENT DECISIONS DURING INVASIVE CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY?
- PO 116 STANLEY SCORE: A NEW PREDICTIVE MODEL OF 3-YEAR MAJOR ADVERSE CARDIAC EVENTS FOLLOWING "FULL METAL JACKET" USING NEW-GENERATION DRUG-ELUTING STENTS
- PO 117 CLINICAL BENEFIT OF RIGHT CORONARY ARTERY CHRONIC TOTAL OCCLUSION PCI
- PO 118 USE OF CATHETER-BASED LEFT VENTRICULAR ASSISTANCE DEVICES IN HIGH-RISK PCI: ON THE EDGE OF A NEW FRONTIER
- PO 119 PENETRANCE OF PHYSIOLOGY USE IN INVASIVE CORONARY ANGIOGRAPHY: A LESION-LEVEL EVALUATION
- PO 120 HAVING A CRUSH FOR DOUBLE KISSING: BIFURCATION TECHNIQUE PERFORMANCE AND OUTCOMES
- PO 150 UNPLANNED PERCUTANEOUS CORONARY INTERVENTION AFTER TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT
- CO 26 ANTI-THROMBOTIC AND GLUCOSE LOWERING THERAPY IN DIABETIC PATIENTS UNDERGOING PCI: BASELINE INCLUSION DATA OF THE ARTHEMIS MULTICENTRE REGISTRY
- CO 27 COMPARATIVE PERFORMANCE OF CONTEMPORARY STENTS IN 3D-PRINTED LEFT MAIN BIFURCATION SIMULATION MODELS
- CO 28 LONG-TERM OUTCOMES OF "FULL-METAL JACKET" PERCUTANEOUS CORONARY INTERVENTIONS: A SEVENTEEN-YEAR SINGLE-CENTRE EXPERIENCE

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 25. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY -> 25.3 NON-CORONARY CARDIAC INTERVENTION

- PO 114 VALIDATION OF ROPE AND PASCAL SCORES IN A REAL-WORLD COHORT OF ADULT PATIENTS UNDERGOING PATENT FORAMEN OVALE CLOSURE: A RETROSPECTIVE STUDY
- PO 146 MANTA VASCULAR CLOSURE DEVICE AFTER TRANSFEMORAL TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION: A UNIVERSAL CLOSURE FOR ALL PATIENTS

- PO 147 TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION PERCUTANEOUS ALTERNATIVE ACCESS ROUTES OUTCOMES
- PO 148 PACEMAKER IMPLANTATION AND DEPENDENCY AFTER TAVI A TERTIARY CENTER EXPERIENCE
- PO 149 TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION IN PATIENTS WITH LARGE AORTIC ANNULUS: A SINGLE CENTRE EXPERIENCE
- PO 185 PREDICTORS OF CLINICAL OUTCOMES FOLLOWING TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT
- PO 207 PARAVALVULAR LEAKS AFTER TAVI: RISK FACTORS AND PROGNOSTIC IMPACT A HIGH VOLUME SINGLE CENTRE EXPERIENCE
- PO 208 RISK OF PACEMAKER IMPLANTATION AFTER TAVI: NOT ALL SELF-EXPANDABLE VALVES ARE CREATED EQUAL
- PO 209 MANTA VERSUS PROGLIDE IN VASCULAR CLOSURE OF TRANSFEMORAL TAVI
- PO 210 PERCUTANEOUS BALLOON MITRAL VALVULOPLASTY RESULTS THROUGHOUT THE DECADES: MORE COMPLICATIONS AND LESS SUCCESS - ARE WE DEALING WITH MORE SEVERE CASES?
 - CO 6 20 YEAR-FOLLOW UP OF MITRAL STENOSIS PATIENTS AFTER PERCUTANEOUS VALVE COMMISSUROTOMY: INVASIVE TRANSMITRAL PRESSURE GRADIENT DIFERENTIAL AS A PREDICTOR OF EVENTS
 - CO 7 LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP OF PERCUTANEOUS BALLOON MITRAL VALVULOPLASTY FOR RHEUMATIC MITRAL STENOSIS
 - CO 8 POST-PROCEDURAL MITRAL REGURGITATION AS AN INDEPENDENT PREDICTOR OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY OUTCOMES
 - CO 9 TRANSCATHETER MITRAL VALVE REPAIR AND ITS IMPACT ON REVERSE RIGHT VENTRICULAR REMODELLING
- CO 111 COMPARISON OF MORTALITY SCORES PERFORMANCE IN TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE REPLACEMENT: SUITING UP TO PERCUTANEOUS INTERVENTION
- CO 112 OVERCOMING AGE BORDERS: TAVI FOR NONAGENARIANS A SINGLE CENTER EXPERIENCE
- CO 115 WHEN VALVE NEEDS ELECTRICAL WIRES ESTIMATING PACEMAKER IMPLANTATION AFTER TAVR
- CO 147 PRIORITIZE-TAVI SCORE A NOVEL CLINICAL TOOL "PREDICTING MORTALITY OR URGENT TAVI" ON WAITING LIST

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 25. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY -> 25.4 INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY - OTHER

- PO 111 PREDICTORS OF LEFT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY AT LONG-TERM FOLLOW-UP AFTER EFFECTIVE STENT IMPLANTATION FOR AORTIC COARCTATION
- PO 112 SUCCESSFUL PERCUTANEOUS RE-PERMEABILIZATION OF FONTAN CIRCUIT WITH STENT IMPLANTATION AFTER CONDUIT THROMBOSIS
- PO 206 SYNCHRONOUS VERSUS STAGED CAROTID ARTERY STENTING AND CARDIAC SURGERY A UNICENTRIC STUDY
- CO 99 ACUTE AND MIDDLE-TERM OUTCOMES OF INTERMEDIATE-HIGH-RISK ACUTE PULMONARY EMBOLISM PATIENTS SUBMITTED TO CATHETER-BASED THERAPY - A SINGLE-CENTRE PILOT STUDY
- CO 113 AORTIC INSUFFICIENCY IN PATIENTS WITH AORTIC STENOSIS SUBMITTED TO TAVR: DOES IT INFLUENCE THE OUTCOME?
- CO 114 AF IN TAVR PATIENTS: DOUBLE TROUBLE MEANS DOUBLE CARE

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 26. CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 26.1 CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY - CORONARY ARTERIES

PO 53 SEX IMPACT IS NOT CONSTANT OVER TIME AFTER CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFTING

H. INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 26. CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY -> 26.8 CARDIOVASCULAR SURGERY - TRANSPLANTATION

- PO 14 SAFETY AND TOLERABILITY OF SGLT2 INHIBITORS FOR THE TREATMENT OF DIABETES MELLITUS IN HEART TRANSPLANT RECIPIENTS
- CO 69 ANTIBODY-MEDIATED REJECTION A MAJOR COMPLICATION AFTER HEART TRANSPLANTATION
- CO 70 THE IMPACT ON THERAPEUTIC APPROACH AFTER CORONARY COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY IN A HEART TRANSPLANT PATIENT POPULATION

I. HYPERTENSION -> 27. HYPERTENSION -> 27.2 HYPERTENSION - EPIDEMIOLOGY, PROGNOSIS, OUTCOME

PO 93 PERIPHERAL PULSE WAVE VELOCITY AND HYPERTENSIVE RESPONSE TO EXERCISE IN PREDICTING DEVELOPMENT OF RESISTANT HYPERTENSION

I. HYPERTENSION -> 27. HYPERTENSION -> 27.5 HYPERTENSION - PREVENTION

PO 91 PREDICTIVE CAPACITY OF ESSENTIAL HYPERTENSION - FAMILY HISTORY AND GENETIC RISK SCORE

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.1 RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION - EPIDEMIOLOGY

- PO 223 GENETIC RISK SCORE AND EPICARDIAL ADIPOSE TISSUE: NEW TOOLS WITH IMPACT ON CARDIOVASCULAR RISK ASSESSMENT
- CO 121 THE PREDICTIVE ABILITY OF THE NEW EUROPEAN SCORE2 IN PRIMARY PREVENTION OF AN ASYMPTOMATIC POPULATION

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.2 RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION - CARDIOVASCULAR RISK ASSESSMENT

- PO 95 ESTIMATION OF 10-YEAR RISK OF FATAL AND NON-FATAL CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN A PORTUGUESE POPULATION
- PO 218 A NEW RISK SCORE FROM THE RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS OF MAXIMAL WORKLOAD PREDICTORS OF SURVIVAL IN ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE AT 10 YEARS: THE RAPID-10 SCORE
- PO 221 CARDIOVASCULAR RISK RECLASSIFICATION: THE IMPACT OF THE NEW SCORE2/SCORE2-OP IN THE PORTUGUESE POPULATION
- PO 225 DIFFERENCES IN 10-YEAR CARDIOVASCULAR RISK ESTIMATION USING SCORE AND SCORE2 RISK PREDICTION TOOLS: A MODERATE RISK COUNTRY POPULATION ANALYSIS
- CO 141 CORONARY ARTERY CALCIUM SCORE IS A PREDICTIVE TOOL FOR CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS IN AN ASYMPTOMATIC POPULATION
- CO 144 "PROGNOSTIC CHANGE" OF ADDING CORONARY CALCIUM SCORE AND GENETIC RISK SCORE TO EUROPEAN SCORE2 IN A MODERATE RISK REGION

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.3 SECONDARY PREVENTION

- PO 40 LDL LEVELS IN VERY HIGH CARDIOVASCULAR RISK PATIENTS A CALL FOR INTENSIVE LIPID-LOWERING THERAPY
- PO 94 CARDIOVASCULAR OUTCOMES IN PATIENTS WITH TYPE 2 DIABETES AT VERY HIGH RISK
- CO 122 ATTAINMENT OF LDL-CHOLESTEROL GOALS IN PATIENTS WITH PREVIOUS MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION: A REAL-WORLD CROSS-SECTIONAL ANALYSIS

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.6 OBESITY

- PO 37 POLYMORPHISMS OF THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN-ALDOSTERONE SYSTEM ARE ASSOCIATED WITH OBESITY IN A PORTUGUESE POPULATION
- PO 38 SYNERGISTIC EFFECT OF TWO VARIANTS OF THE ACE GENE ON THE APPEARANCE OF OBESITY IN A PORTUGUESE POPULATION

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.7 DIABETES AND THE HEART

PO 39 ASSOCIATION BETWEEN INTENSITY OF GLYCEMIC CONTROL WITH GLP-1 RECEPTOR AGONISTS AND RISK OF ATHEROSCLEROTIC CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-REGRESSION

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 28. RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION -> 28.14 RISK FACTORS AND PREVENTION - OTHER

- PO 49 CARDIOVASCULAR PREVENTION AND CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE IN THE YOUNG A SINGLE CENTRE ANALYSIS
- PO 92 BEHAVIORAL AND GENETIC RISK FACTORS ASSOCIATED WITH INCREASED ARTERIAL STIFFNESS
- CO 143 COULD A HIGH EPICARDIAL ADIPOSE TISSUE VOLUME INCREASE THE ABILITY OF THE CALCIUM SCORE TO DISCRIMINATE CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS IN AN ASYMPTOMATIC POPULATION?

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 29. REHABILITATION AND SPORTS CARDIOLOGY -> 29.1 EXERCISE TESTING

- PO 216 VALIDATION OF AN AEROBIC FITNESS QUESTIONNAIRE IN A COHORT OF PORTUGUESE ADULT CARDIAC PATIENTS
- PO 217 CHRONOTROPISM IN CPET IS INCOMPETENCE LIMITING FUNCTIONAL CAPACITY?

J. PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY -> 29. REHABILITATION AND SPORTS CARDIOLOGY -> 29.2 CARDIOVASCULAR REHABILITATION

- PO 36 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE AND APOLIPOPROTEIN LEVELS: ANALYSIS OF PATIENTS REFERRED TO A CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM
- PO 196 IMPACT OF A CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM ON ANXIETY AND DEPRESSIVE SYMPTOMS ON PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE AND CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE
- PO 197 THE ROLE OF PEAK VO2 IN PROGNOSIS IN PATIENTS UNDERGOING A CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM
- PO 198 PREDICTORS OF FUNCTIONAL IMPROVEMENT AFTER A PHASE II CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM: IS LEFT VENTRICULAR EJECTION FRACTION AT BASELINE A LIMITING FACTOR?
- PO 199 CARDIAC REHABILITATION TACKLING VENTRICULAR REMODELING AND IMPROVING FUNCTIONAL CAPACITY
- PO 200 CARDIAC REHABILITATION PHASE 3 WHO ARE THOSE WHO CONTINUE DOWN THE PATH?
- PO 219 IMPACT OF CARDIAC REHABILITATION ON HEART FAILURE ACROSS EJECTION FRACTION SPECTRUM
- PO 220 GENDER DISPARITIES IN CARDIAC REHABILITATION ARE WE CONCEALING APPLES FROM EVE?
- CO 125 EFFECTS OF EXERCISE TRAINING ON CARDIAC TOXICITY MARKERS IN WOMEN WITH BREAST CANCER UNDERGOING CHEMOTHERAPY WITH ANTHRACYCLINE: A RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED TRIAL

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.2 CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN WOMEN

- PO 13 SEX-BASED DIFFERENCES IN QUALITY OF LIFE DURING PHASE II OF A CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM A RETROSPECTIVE OBSERVATIONAL STUDY
- CO 21 SEX DIFFERENCES AND OUTCOMES AFTER TRANSCATHETER AORTIC VALVE IMPLANTATION IN SEVERE AORTIC STENOSIS AN ANALYSIS OF 488 CASES
- CO 22 STRESS IN WOMEN: DOES IT PREDICT THE TYPE ACUTE CORONARY SYNDROME?
- CO 23 EFFECTIVENESS OF A CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM IN WOMEN WITH HEART FAILURE
- CO 24 CARDIOTOXICITY ASSESSMENT ACCORDING TO CURRENT CARDIO-ONCOLOGY GUIDELINES IN A POPULATION OF FEMALE BREAST CANCER PATIENTS

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.4 NON-CARDIAC SURGERY/PRE-SURGICAL ASSESSMENT

PO 31 WHAT IS THE COST OF DISCUSSING PATIENTS IN HEART TEAM IN THE PORTUGUESE NATIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM?

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.5 CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN THE ELDERLY

PO 46 LONG-TERM PROGNOSIS OF ELDERLY PATIENTS UNDERGOING ATRIAL SEPTUM DEFECT CLOSURE: ARE WE ACTING TOO LATE?

- PO 47 CARDIAC REHABILITATION IN OLDER POPULATIONS NEVER TOO LATE TO IMPROVE CV HEALTH
- PO 48 PROGNOSIS IN OLDEST ADULTS AFTER HOSPITALIZATION IN A CARDIAC INTENSE CARE UNIT THE AGE PARADOX
- PO 52 IT'S NOT TOO LATE PERCUTANEOUS ANGIOGRAPHY IN A 90-PLUS POPULATION

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.6 CARDIO-ONCOLOGY

- PO 6 RESPONSE TO CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY IN CANCER PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE
- PO 7 CARDIAC RESYNCRONIZATION THERAPY IN ANTHRACYCLINE-INDUCED CARDIOMYOPATHY
- PO 8 CARDIOVASCULAR DETERMINANTS OF CHEMOTHERAPY SUSPENSION IN A COHORT OF PATIENTS WITH HIGH CARDIOVASCULAR RISK
- PO 9 THE BENEFICIAL ROLE OF CARDIOPROTECTIVE DRUGS IN PREVENTING CARDIOTOXICITY IN HER2 POSITIVE BREAST CANCER AN ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC POINT-OF-VIEW
- CO 25 RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC OUTCOMES AND CARDIOPROTECTIVE DRUGS IN A POPULATION OF FEMALE BREAST CANCER PATIENTS EXPOSED TO ANTHRACYCLINES
- CO 83 THE ROLE OF CARDIOVASCULAR RISK FACTORS IN CORONARY VASOSPASM WITH FLUOROPYRIMIDINES

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.7 PREGNANCY AND CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE

- PO 11 WHEN A MOTHER'S HEART SUFFERS A LITTLE MORE THAN USUAL: A CENTER EXPERIENCE OF HEART DISEASE DURING PREGNANCY
- PO 12 PREGNANCY IN HIGH CARDIOVASCULAR RISK WOMEN: NOT ALWAYS A STATE OF GRACE
- CO 44 CARDIAC REMODELLING AND REVERSE REMODELLING IN PREGNANCY: WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF CARDIOVASCULAR RISK FACTORS?

K. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30. CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS -> 30.14 CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE IN SPECIAL POPULATIONS - OTHER

- PO 19 ADULTS' KNOWLEDGE AND PERCEPTION OF THEIR CONGENITAL HEART DISEASE: A SINGLE CENTER COSS-SECTIONAL STUDY
- PO 222 LDLR ACTIVITY IN PATIENTS WITH HOMOZYGOUS FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTEROLAEMIA IN PORTUGAL
- CO 64 CAUSES OF SUDDEN DEATH IN A YOUNG (<40 YEARS OLD) SOUTH EUROPEAN POPULATION: A POSTMORTEM STUDY
- CO 65 IDIOPATHIC ISOLATED LEFT BUNDLE BRANCH BLOCK A BENIGN FINDING OR SOMETHING MORE?
- CO 67 GLOBAL LONGITUDINAL STRAIN AND MYOCARDIAL WORK AS A NOVEL TOOL FOR ACUTE CELLULAR REJECTION PREDICTION IN HEART TRANSPLANT PATIENTS
- CO 123 CLINICAL AND GENETIC CHARACTERISTICS OF PATIENTS WITH A CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS OF FAMILIAL HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA IN PORTUGAL

L. CARDIOVASCULAR PHARMACOLOGY -> 31. PHARMACOLOGY AND PHARMACOTHERAPY -> 31.1 CARDIOVASCULAR PHARMACOTHERAPY

CO 79 VARIABILITY OF THE ANTITHROMBOTIC EFFECT OF ACETYLSALICYLIC ACID WITH THE ADMINISTRATION OF DIFFERENT DOSAGES: REALITY OR MYTH?

M. CARDIOVASCULAR NURSING -> 32. CARDIOVASCULAR NURSING -> 32.3 CARDIOVASCULAR NURSING - OTHER

CO 41 THE INFLUENCE OF A NURSE-LED CARDIAC REHABILITATION PROGRAM ON QUALITY OF LIFE AND FUNCTIONAL CAPACITY OF PATIENTS WITH HEART FAILURE

- CO 42 CAPACIDADE DE AUTOCUIDADO DOS DOENTES COM DIAGNÓSTICO DE INSUFICIÊNCIA CARDÍACA INTERNADOS NUM SERVIÇO DE CARDIOLOGIA
- CO 43 HEALTH LITERACY IN HEART FAILURE THE PORTUGUESE REALITY IN 2022

N. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH, PUBLIC HEALTH, HEALTH ECONOMICS, RESEARCH METHODOLOGY -> 33. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH -> 33.3 COMPUTER MODELING AND SIMULATION

CO 150 DEVELOPMENT OF A MACHINE LEARNING MODEL USING 12-LEAD ECG TO IMPROVE ACUTE DIANOSIS OF PULMONARY EMBOLISM

N. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH, PUBLIC HEALTH, HEALTH ECONOMICS, RESEARCH METHODOLOGY -> 33. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH -> 33.4 DIGITAL HEALTH

- PO 32 [SALUS] REMOTE MONITORING OF PHYSIOLOGIC PARAMETERS AND ASSESSMENT OF CARDIOVASCULAR PATIENTS
- CO 93 ENHANCING THE EYES OF INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGISTS: IMPACT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN OPERATOR ASSESSMENT OF CORONARY LESIONS
- CO 94 DIGITAL PATIENT TOOL FOR REPORTING QUALITY OF LIFE AFTER ATRIAL FIBRILLATION CATHETER ABLATION: OUTCOMES FROM A PORTUGUESE HEALTHCARE CENTRE
- CO 95 DIGITAL FOLLOW-UP PROGRAM FOR PATIENTS UNDERGOING ATRIAL FIBRILLATION ABLATION: THE EXPERIENCE OF A PORTUGUESE CENTER

N. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH, PUBLIC HEALTH, HEALTH ECONOMICS, RESEARCH METHODOLOGY -> 34. PUBLIC HEALTH AND HEALTH ECONOMICS -> 34.1 PUBLIC HEALTH

PO 33 DOES WATCHING SPORTS IMPACT YOUR HEART?

N. E-CARDIOLOGY / DIGITAL HEALTH, PUBLIC HEALTH, HEALTH ECONOMICS, RESEARCH METHODOLOGY -> 34. PUBLIC HEALTH AND HEALTH ECONOMICS -> 34.3 HEALTH ECONOMICS

- PO 34 EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ELECTRONIC ALERT ON INAPPROPRIATE NT-PROBNP SHORT-TERM REPEAT TESTING
- CO 91 THE WAITING 4 SURGERY STUDY BURDEN OF IN-HOSPITAL CARE

O. BASIC SCIENCE -> 36. BASIC SCIENCE -> 36.3 BASIC SCIENCE - CARDIAC DISEASES

CO 80 KETONES' IMPACT ON A DYSMETABOLIC RAT MODEL OF HEART FAILURE WITH PRESERVED EJECTION FRACTION

O. BASIC SCIENCE -> 36. BASIC SCIENCE -> 36.6 BASIC SCIENCE - OTHER

- CO 76 ZNF259 RS964184 GENETIC VARIANT IS ASSOCIATED WITH METABOLIC SYNDROME IN A PORTUGUESE POPULATION
- CO 77 TCF21 GENE AND CARDIOVASCULAR EVENTS IN A CORONARY POPULATION
- CO 78 IDENTIFYING PLASMA LIPID SIGNATURES FOR CARDIOVASCULAR RISK ASSESSMENT IN HFPEF PATIENTS

P. OTHER -> 37. MISCELLANEA

- PO 15 THE WAITING 4 SURGERY STUDY PREDICTION OF IN-HOSPITAL EVENTS
- PO 35 3D- SIMULATOR TRAINING IN INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY: A POTENTIAL GAME CHANGER?
- PO 106 INCIDENCE, PREVALENCE AND CLINICAL IMPACT OF SUPRAVENTRICULAR TACHYCARDIA IN GROUP I PULMONARY HYPERTENSION